

M&G Bond Fund



July 2025

Since inception cumulative performance, distributions reinvested (A class) R1200



Annualised performance	A class	Benchmark	B class
1 year	16.5%	17.0%	16.6%
3 years	13.9%	13.5%	14.1%
5 years	12.1%	11.4%	12.3%
7 years	9.5%	9.8%	9.7%
10 years	9.0%	9.4%	9.2%
20 years	8.5%	8.8%	8.8%
Since inception	10.0%	10.3%	-

Returns since inception ¹	A class	Date
Highest annualised return	29.6%	31 Oct 2001
Lowest annualised return	-6.5%	31 Jan 2016

Top issuers as at 30 Jun 2025

1.	Republic of South Africa	98.9%	
2.	M&G High Interest Fund	1.1%	

Risk measures	A class	Benchmark
Monthly volatility (annualised)	7.6%	7.5%
Maximum drawdown over any period	-10.7%	-9.8%
% of positive rolling 12 months	94.4%	95.8%
Information ratio	0.8	n/a
Sortino ratio	1.3	1.1
Sharpe ratio	0.8	0.7

Asset allocation as at 31 Jul 2025



SA Bonds (ex. ILBs)SA Cash	97.9% 2.1%

A Class **I Class B** Class Investment options R10 000 R10 000 R20 million Minimum lump sum investment Minimum monthly debit order R500 pm R500 pm n/a Annual Management Fees (excl. VAT) **I Class B** Class A Class M&G 0.45% 0.60% 0.45% 0.15% Financial adviser service fee (if applicable)2 n/a n/a A Class Expenses (incl. VAT) **I Class** B Class Total Expense Ratio (TER) 0.71% 0.88% 0.55% Transaction Costs (TC)3 0.01% 0.01% 0.01% 0.89% 0.56% Total Investment Charges (TIC) 0.72%

Risk profile



Fund facts

Fund objective

To maximise income while securing steady capital growth. This is achieved by investing in a diversified portfolio of bonds in the South African market.

Investor profile

Individuals that require a high level of income from their capital investment with relatively low risk. The recommended investment horizon is 1-3 years, or longer when used as strategic exposure to the asset class.

Investment mandate

The Fund invests in a combination of government, semi-government and corporate bonds, and other interestbearing securities. No duration constraints apply. The Fund is managed to comply with regulations governing retirement fund investments (Regulation 28).

Fund managers

Roshen Harry René Prinsloo

ASISA category

South African - Interest Bearing -Variable Term

Benchmark

FTSE/JSE All Bond Index

Inception date

27 October 2000

Fund size

R1 167 142 854

Awards

Raging Bull: 2024 Fundhub: 2024 Profile: 2024

M&G Bond Fund Sources: M&G and Morningstar

¹¹²⁻month rolling performance figure

² The Financial Adviser Service Fee, if applicable, is included in M&G's annual management fee above. An Ongoing Adviser Fee, over and above the Financial Adviser Service Fee, may be negotiated between the Investor and Financial Adviser. Should you agree to an Ongoing Adviser Fee, it will be paid via the regular repurchase of units.

³ Where a transaction cost is not readily available, a reasonable best estimate has been used. Estimated transaction costs may include Bond, Money Market, and FX costs e applicable).



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Income Distributions ⁴	A Class	B Class
	Total 12m yield	Total 12m yield
30 June 2025	3.63 cpu 6.61%	3.57 cpu 6.77%
31 March 2025	1.21 cpu 8.31%	1.26 cpu 8.48%
31 December 2024	2.20 cpu 8.04%	2.25 cpu 8.20%
30 September 2024	3.53 cpu 8.15%	3.57 cpu 8.30%

Fund commentary

Global equity markets posted strong gains in July, driven by a resurgent US, as the second quarter company earnings season got off to a solid start and a number of trade deals came through. The US dollar staged an impressive rebound in the month, as tariff announcements and trade deals continued to dominate headlines. Meanwhile, developed market government bonds came under pressure in July. In the US, decent economic data, persistent inflation (the US Federal Reserve's preferred core PCE release for June came in at +0.3% month-onmonth), and a hawkish tone from the Fed, put pressure on yields. The FOMC's end-of-month rate announcement saw the Fed holding rates steady, in line with market expectations. However, two governors voted for a rate cut marking the first "dual dissent" in over 30 years. Fed Chair Jerome Powell's stance on interest rates faced renewed scrutiny amid speculation that the president might dismiss him. Other major central banks, including the Bank of Japan and the European Central Bank, also kept rates unchanged, as widely anticipated.

On the local front, President Ramaphosa placed Police Minister Senzo Mchunu on special leave following allegations of links to organised crime made by KZN provincial police commissioner Nhlanhla Mkhwanazi. The incident drew widespread commentary from both within and outside the GNU. The South African Reserve Bank (SARB) announced a 25 bps interest rate cut, as expected. More significantly, Governor Lesetja Kganyago revealed that the SARB would begin targeting the lower bound of its 3–6% inflation range. He clarified that the target range itself would remain unchanged, and any formal adjustment would fall under the Finance Minister's purview but that the bank aims to anchor expectations closer to 3%. In July, the FTSE/JSE All Bond Index returned 2.7%, inflation-linked bonds (the Composite ILB Index) posted 0.6%, and cash as measured by the STeFI Composite Index delivered 0.6%.

The fund has returned 16.5% over the past 12 months, and 13.9% p.a. over the past 3 years.

Glossary	
12-month yield	A measure of the Fund's income distributions as a percentage of the Fund's net asset value (NAV). This is calculated by summing the income distributions over a rolling 12-month period, then dividing by the sum of the NAV at the end of the period and any capital gains distributed over the same period.
Annualised performance	The average amount of money (total return) earned by an investment each year over a given time period. For periods longer than one year, total returns are expressed as compounded average returns on a yearly basis.
Cumulative performance graph	This illustrates how an initial investment of R100 or N\$100 (for example) placed into the Fund would change over time, taking ongoing fees into account, with all distributions reinvested.
Income distribution	The dividend income and/or interest income that is generated by the underlying Fund investments and that is periodically declared and distributed to investors in the Fund after all annual service fees.
Information ratio	Measures the Fund's active return (Fund return in excess of the benchmark) divided by the amount of risk that the manager takes relative to the benchmark. The higher the information ratio, the higher the active return of the Fund, given the amount of risk taken and the more consistent the manager. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Maximum drawdown	The largest drop in the Fund's cumulative total return from peak to trough over any period.
Monthly volatility (annualised)	Also known as standard deviation. This measures the amount of variation or difference in the monthly returns on an investment. The larger the annualised monthly volatility, the more the monthly returns are likely to vary from the average monthly return (i.e. the more volatile the investment).
Percentage of positive rolling 12 months	The percentage of months, since inception, that the Fund has shown a positive return over a rolling 12-month period.
Regulation 28	The South African retirement fund industry is governed by the Pension Funds Act, No 24 of 1956. Regulation 28 of the Pension Funds Act prescribes the maximum limits in asset classes that an approved retirement fund may invest in.
Sharpe ratio	The Sharpe ratio is used to measure how well the return of an asset compensates the investor for the risk taken. The higher the Sharpe ratio the better the Fund's historical risk-adjusted performance has been. This is calculated by taking the difference between the Fund's annualised return and the risk-free (cash) rate, divided by the standard deviation of the Fund's returns. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Sortino ratio	This is calculated by taking the difference between the Fund's annualised return and the risk-free (cash) rate, divided by the downside deviation of the Fund's returns i.e. the "bad" volatility. A high Sortino ratio indicates a low risk of large losses occurring in the Fund. This is calculated over a 3-year period.
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	This shows the charges, levies and fees relating to the management of the portfolio and is expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value of the portfolio, calculated for the year to the end of the most recent completed quarter. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs.
Transaction Costs (TC)	The percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns, It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.
Total Investment Charges (TIC)	The percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs, relating to the investment of the Fund. As fund returns are reported after deducting all fees and expenses, these costs (the TER, TC & TIC) should not be deducted from the fund returns.
Unit Classes	M&G's funds are offered in different unit classes to allow different types of investors (individuals and institutions) to invest in the same fund. Different investment minimums and fees apply to different unit classes. A Class: for individuals only. B & D Class: retirement funds and other large institutional investors only. X Class: the special fee class that was made available to investors that were invested in the Dividend Income Feeder Fund. T Class: for investors in tax-free unit trusts. F Class: for Discretionary Fund Managers.

Contact us

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Application forms

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Disclaimer

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Collective Investment Schemes (unit trusts) are generally medium-to long-term investments. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future investment performance. Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis. This means the price is the total net market value of all assets of the unit trust fund divided by the total number of units of the fund. Any market movements – for example in share prices, bond prices, money market prices or currency fluctuations – relevant to the underlying assets of the fund may cause the value of the underlying assets to go up or down. As a result, the price of your units may go up or down. Unit trusts are traded at the ruling forward price of the day, meaning that transactions are processed during the day before you or the Manager know what the price at the end of the day will be. The price and therefore the number of units involved in the transaction are only known on the following day. The unit trust fund may borrow up to 10% of the fund value, and it may also lend any scrip (proof of ownership of an investment instrument) that it holds to earn additional income. A M&G unit trust fund may consist of different fund classes that are subject to different fees and charges. Where applicable, the Manager will pay your financial adviser an agreed standard ongoing adviser fees, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. A unit trust summary with all fees and maximum initial and ongoing adviser fees, which is included in the overall costs of the fund. As a result, the fund may hace material risks. The volatility of the hund may be higher and the liquidity of the underlying securities may be restricted due to relative market sizes and market conditions. The fund's ability to settle securities and to repatriate investment income, capital or the proceeds of sales of securities may be adversely affected for multiple reasons including market conditions, macro-economic and political circumstances. Purchase and repurchase as to the capital investment to the fund under

M&G Bond Fund Sources: M&G and Morningstar

⁴ If the income earned in the form of dividends and interest exceeds the total expenses, the Fund will make a distribution (cpu = cents per unit).